



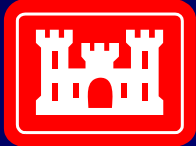
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Savannah Harbor Expansion Project



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Update on Chloride Modeling & Impact Assessment



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Chloride Evaluation

BACKGROUND

- **City of Savannah has M&I water intake on Abercorn Creek**
- **Industries use water for boilers – are affected by chlorides**
 - **Threshold around 12 mg/L**
 - **Commonly equal or exceed that level**
 - **Average flows = 50 % of time**
 - **Drought flows = 90 % of time**
 - **Drinking water standard = 250 mg/L**



City of Savannah M&I Water Intake

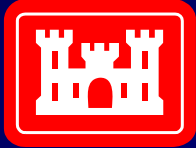


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Chloride Evaluation

BACKGROUND (cont)

- **City raised issue of potential impacts to quality of the water at their intake during Tier I feasibility study**
- **GPA included funds in recommended project to relocate the City's water intake upstream as mitigation**
- **Collected salinity and chloride information at City's intake during 1999 data collection event**



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Chloride Evaluation

MODELING

- **Adapted EFDC hydrodynamic model to predict chloride levels at City's water intake = modeling report dated Nov 06**
- **Used City's daily recorded chloride values; USGS gages; data from GPA's 1999 sampling; looked at upstream sources**

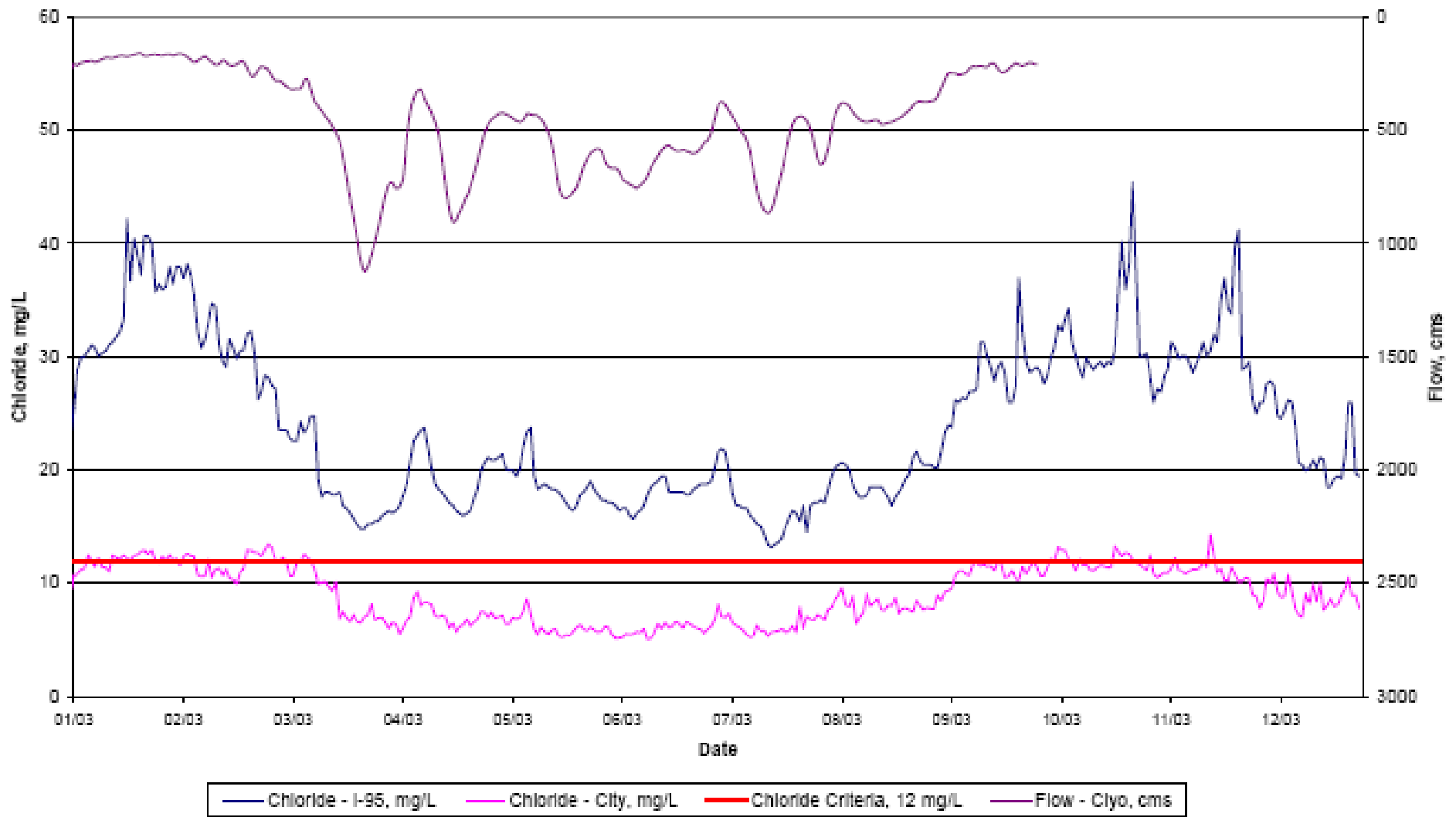


Figure 4-6 Chloride Values and Corresponding Flow Measurements for 2003

River flow vs. Chlorides



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MODELING (cont)

- **Developed an equation based on river flow and salinity at I-95 Bridge**

$$\text{Chloride}_{\text{Intake}} = \text{Chloride}_{\text{Flow}} + \text{Chloride}_{\text{Salinity}}$$

$$\text{Chloride}_{\text{Intake}} = [92.118 * \text{Flow}^{(-0.436)}] + [0.0574 * (\text{Salinity}_{\text{EFDC}} \rightarrow \text{Cond}_{\text{USGS}}) + 4.1603]$$

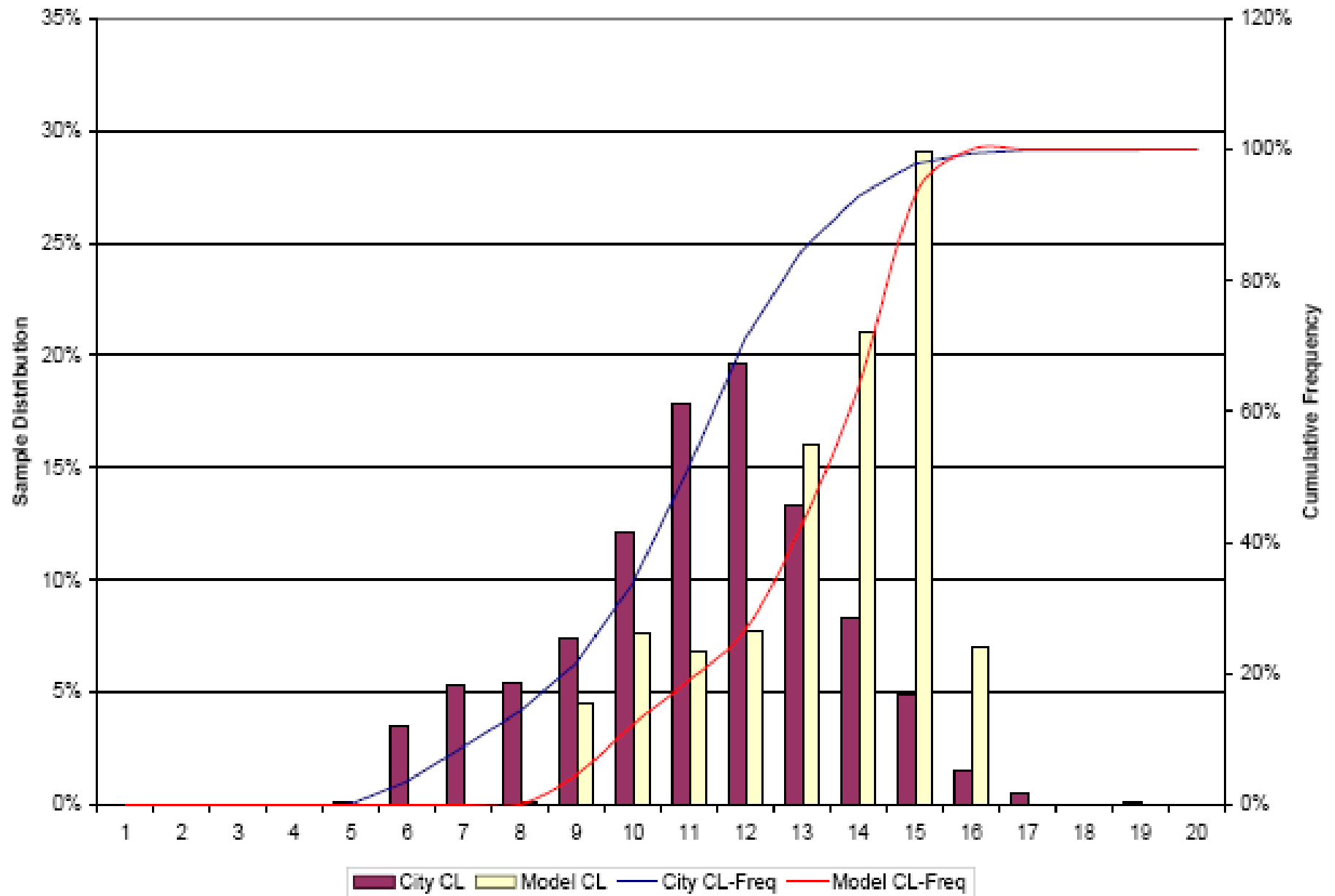


Figure 7-4 Cumulative Chloride Distribution of the City and Model Results

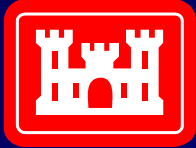


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MODELING (cont)

- **Corps had USGS conduct the technical review of the model**
- **City also reviewed the modeling report**
- **Reviewers had questions about ability of model to predict changes at these low levels**



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Chloride Evaluation

MODELING (cont)

- **Corps Engineering Division in Wilmington had responsibility for technical adequacy of the model and response to review comments**
 - **Conclusions**
 - **Model is as good as it can be with the data that is available**
 - **Is uncertainty about predictions at these low levels**
 - **Should monitor after construction to quickly identify any unforeseen impacts**



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Chloride Evaluation

IMPACT EVALUATION

- **Evaluated impacts under 3 scenarios**
 - **Basic – low river flows (1999)**
 - **Sensitivity #1 – average flows (1997)**
 - **Sensitivity #2 – severe drought (2001)**
- **Modeling period was 1 May to 1 November**
- **Looked at existing channel + 4 depths**
- **Looked at 5 wetland mitigation plans**



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IMPACT EVALUATION (cont)

- **Basic evaluation – low river flows (1999)**
 - **No effect on chloride levels at City's intake**
- **Sensitivity #1 – average flows (1997)**
 - **Maximum predicted value increases 0.04 mg/L with 6-foot deepening**
- **Sensitivity #2 – severe drought (2001)**
 - **Slight increases with all channel depths**
 - **Max increase is 0.85 with 6-foot deepening**

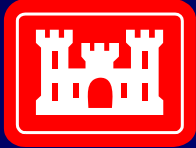


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IMPACT EVALUATION (cont)

- **Wetland mitigation plans**
 - **Plan 1 – no different than basic deepening**
 - **Plan 2**
 - **Increase under Sensitivity #2 (max change increased from 0.85 to 0.96 mg/L)**
 - **Plan 3**
 - **Slight increases with Basic Evaluation and Sensitivity #1 (max increased 0.4)**
 - **Increase under Sensitivity #2 (max changed from 0.85 to 0.93 mg/L)**

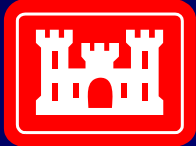


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IMPACT EVALUATION (cont)

- **Wetland mitigation plans**
 - **Plan 4**
 - **Slight increases with Basic Evaluation and Sensitivity #1 (max increased 0.4)**
 - **Increase under Sensitivity #2 (max change increased from 0.85 to 1.34 mg/L)**

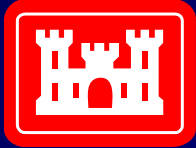


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IMPACT EVALUATION (cont)

- **Wetland mitigation plans**
 - **Plan 5**
 - **Slight increases with Basic Evaluation and Sensitivity #1 (max increased 0.7 mg/L)**
 - **Increase under Sensitivity #2 (max change increased from 0.85 to 1.55 mg/L)**

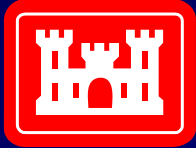


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Chloride Evaluation

CONCLUSIONS

- **Developed an acceptable tool to predict impacts to chloride levels at the City's M&I water intake on Abercorn Creek**
- **Minimal impacts predicted under average and low flows (<1 mg/L)**
- **Minor impacts predicted for severe drought flows (max concentrations increased by 10%)**
- **Should monitor chloride levels at the City's M&I water intake if harbor deepening occurs**



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QUESTIONS ?
